SNP Live Migration with guest-memfd & mirror VM

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Agenda

- Introduction
- Approaches for SNP Live migration
 - Mirror VM
 - Shadow vCPU
- Open challenges
- Common vendors abstractions
- SNP live migration work

Introduction

AMD SEV-SNP

Provides VM isolation & integrity protection

- VMPL (VM Privilege Level)
 - Each vCPU can run at different VMPL levels and hence have a corresponding VMSA (VM Save Area) per VMPL
 - Processor restricts guest memory access based on VMPL permissions
- SVSM (Secure VM Service Module)



SNP Live migration

- SNP Live migration involves migrating running SNP guest from one host system to another with SNP enforced security guaranties.
- Guest private memory can only be read from the guest context.
- Need additional vCPUs; running at SVSM layer (VMPL0) and within the same guest context for live migration memory packaging.



SNP Live migration approaches

• Mirror VM

Shadow vCPUs





Mirror VM

- Mirror VM to perform the live migration for SEV-SNP guests.
- SVSM (Secure VM Service Module) runs at VMPL0 in the Mirror VM as migration helper & does the actual live migration related tasks.
- Host does the dirty bit tracking & SVSM does the memory packaging.



Mirror VM

- Mirror VM to perform the live migration for SEV-SNP guests.
- SVSM (Secure VM Service Module) runs at VMPL0 in the Mirror VM as migration helper & does the actual live migration related tasks.
- Host does the dirty bit tracking & SVSM does the memory packaging.
- First mirror vCPU is created dynamically at the live migration start time. Subsequent mirror vCPUs can be added on demand to scale the live migration.
- Qemu migration threads run as Mirror vCPUs and are dedicated only for live migration tasks.



Current State of Mirror VM

- Guest-memfd does not support address space sharing between mirror & primary VM.
 - Guest-memfd in current state does not handle multiple KVM objects, as guest memfd is tightly bound to single KVM object.
 - Post-copy migration also needs to be compatible with guest-memfd address sharing.
- Needs something like VMA like address space sharing between primary & mirror VM for the guest-memfd interface.
- [RFC PATCH 00/11] New KVM ioctl to link a gmem inode to a new gmem file Ackerley Tng https://lore.kernel.org/lkml/cover.1691446946.git.ackerleytng@google.com/
- Needs input from the community.

Alternative approach: Shadow vCPUs

- Shadow vCPUs need non-overlapping APIC_ID with the primary VM to create the APs.
- AP creation into VMPL0; involves dynamic VMSA creation.
- Primary VM does the migration using the shadow vCPUs of the primary VM itself.



Unifying Coco VM Live Migration

- Vendor Neutral uAPIs/KVM ioctls for live migration functions
- Attesting the target
- Integrity protection during live migration
- Guest_memfd
 - New APIs for memory pre-copy live migration
 - Post-copy live migration support

SNP specific tasks

- Initial handshake with the help of attestation to validate the participating guests and exchange the migration keys
- Memory packing & Dirty bit logging.
- VMSA and other VM state transfer
- Integrity protection during live migration and end of live migration validation

Summary

- Mirror VM
 - Separates the responsibility to do the SNP live migration to a transient VM
 - Better accounting for Cloud vendors
 - By default, separate KVM object for vCPUs in Mirror VM [TBD]
 - guest_memfd needs support for multiple KVM objects
 - KVM level address space sharing support
- Shadow vCPU
 - Qemu migration thread run as shadow vCPUs, using host CPUID (Common Mirror VM) [Code done]
 - Non-overlapping APIC_ID range support in KVM for shadow AP creation [TBD]
 - Create APs in VMPL0 from host (Common with Mirror VM)
 - No separate KVM object for shadow vCPUs

References

- <u>SEV-SNP Live Migration and VMM/KVM API Implications</u>
- Secure Live Migration of Encrypted VM
- Mirror VM POC for SEV
- KVM: Post-copy live migration for guest_memfd
- <u>Guest memfd discussion on guest-memfd based shared memory & hugepages</u>

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